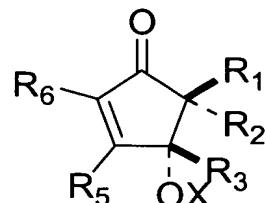


(a)



(b)

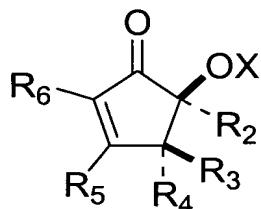
wherein: R₁ and R₂ are, independently, hydrogen, halogen, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkynyl, substituted or unsubstituted aminoalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkylthio, substituted or unsubstituted alkylsufinyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkylsulfonyl, substituted or unsubstituted carbocyclic aryl, substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroaromatic or heteroalicyclic; R₃ and R₄ are hydrogen; R₅ and R₆ are, independently, hydrogen or halogen; and X has the formula



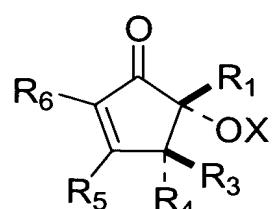
wherein: R₇, R₈, and R₉ are, independently, hydrogen, halogen, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkynyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted aminoalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkylthio, substituted or unsubstituted alkylsufinyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkylsulfonyl, substituted or unsubstituted carbocyclic aryl, substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl, or substituted or

unsubstituted heteroaromatic or heteroalicyclic, and a is absent or a linking group, optionally a hydrocarbyl linking group.

38. (new) A method for treating or preventing a disorder in a host, comprising administrating to a host in need thereof a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a compound with the formula (a) or (b):



(a)



(b)

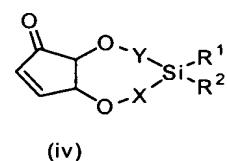
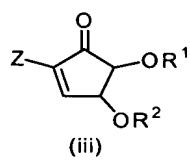
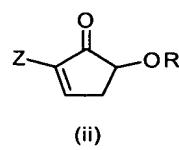
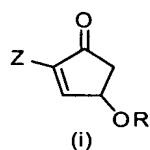
wherein: R_1 and R_2 are hydrogen;
 R_3 and R_4 are, independently, hydrogen, halogen, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkynyl, substituted or unsubstituted aminoalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkylthio, substituted or unsubstituted alkylsufinyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkylsulfonyl, substituted or unsubstituted carbocyclic aryl, substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroaromatic or heteroalicyclic; and
 R_5 and R_6 are, independently, hydrogen or halogen; and
 X has the formula



wherein: R_7 , R_8 , and R_9 are, independently, hydrogen, halogen, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkynyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkylthio, substituted or unsubstituted alkylsufinyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkylsulfonyl, substituted or unsubstituted carbocyclic aryl, substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroaromatic or heteroalicyclic.

unsubstituted alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted aminoalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkylthio, substituted or unsubstituted alkylsufinyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkylsulfonyl, substituted or unsubstituted carbocyclic aryl, substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroaromatic or heteroalicyclic, and a is absent or a linking group, optionally a hydrocarbyl linking group.

39. (new) A method for treating or preventing a disorder in a host, comprising administrating to a host in need thereof a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a compound of the formula (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv):



wherein Z is hydrogen or a halogen, R is an optionally substituted hydrocarbyl group including up to 8 carbon atoms, or a moiety incorporating at least one heteroatom and up to 50 carbon atoms, at least one of R¹ and R² in formula (iii) incorporates one or more heteroatoms and up to 30 or 50 carbon atoms, at least one of R¹ and R² in formula (iv) is an optionally substituted hydrocarbyl group and X and Y are absent or are linking groups.

40. (new) A method for treating or preventing a disorder in a host, comprising administrating to said host in need thereof a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of an enantiomer of 4-tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy-cyclopent-2-en-1-one.

41. (new) The method of claim 40, wherein said enantiomer is R-(+)-4-tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy-cyclopent-2-en-1-one substantially free of the S-(-) enantiomer.

42. (new) The method of claim 40, wherein said enantiomer is S-(-)-4-tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy-cyclopent-2-en-1-one substantially free of the R-(+) enantiomer.

43. (new) The method of claim 41 or 42, wherein substantially free is at least 75%(w/w), at least 90%(w/w) or at least 99%(w/w) of the desired isomer based upon the total weight of 4-tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy-cyclopent-2-en-1-one.

44. (new) The method of claim 38, wherein R₃ and/or R₄ comprise no more than 7 carbon atoms.

45. (new) The method of claim 38, wherein a hydrocarbyl side chain is not present at positions R₃ and/or R₄.

46. (new) The method of claim 37 or 38, wherein X is an Si-containing group.

47. (new) The method of claim 37 or 38, wherein R₇, R₈ and R₉, are substituted alkyl, aryl or substituted aryl groups.

48. (new) The method of claim 37 or 38, wherein X is comprises at least 4 carbon atoms.

49. (new) The method of claim 45, wherein R₃ and/or R₄ is hydrogen.

50. (new) The method of claim 37 or 38, wherein the compound is an R-enantiomer.

51. (new) The method of claim 37 or 38, wherein the compound is an S-enantiomer.

52. (new) The method as in any one of claims 37-40, wherein said compound has a higher activity than cyclopent-2-en-1-one with respect to at least one of the following:

- a) activating HSF;
- b) inhibiting NF-κB;
- c) inhibiting the replication of HSV-1; or
- d) inhibiting the replication of Sendai virus.

53. (new) The method as in any one of claims 37-40, wherein said host is a mammal.

54. (new) The method of claim 53, wherein said mammal is a human.

55. (new) The method as in any one of claims 37-40, wherein said host is an aquatic organism.

56. (new) The method as in any one of claims 37-40, wherein said disorder is a disorder associated with NF-κB activation.

57. (new) The method as in any one of claims 37-40, wherein said disorder is a viral-mediated disorder.

58. (new) The method of claim 55, wherein said disorder is a viral-mediated disorder.

59. (new) The method as in any one of claims 37-40, wherein said disorder is a bacterial-mediated disorder.

60. (new) The method as in any one of claims 37-40, wherein said disorder is a disorder resulting from radiation.

61. (new) The method as in any one of claims 37-40, wherein said disorder is an inflammatory disorder.

62. (new) The method as in any one of claims 37-40, wherein said disorder is a disorder of the immune system.

63. (new) The method as in any one of claims 37-40, wherein said disorder is ischemia.

64. (new) The method as in any one of claims 37-40, wherein said disorder is arteriosclerosis.

65. (new) The method as in any one of claims 37-40, wherein said disorder is a disorder involving cell proliferation.

66. (new) The method of claims 65, wherein said disorder is cancer.

67. (new) The method as in any one of claims 37-40, wherein said disorder involving damage to or killing of cells.

68. (new) The method as in any one of claims 37-40, wherein said disorder is diabetes.

69. (new) The method as in any one of claims 37-40, wherein said disorder is a disorder involving calcium loss or deficiency.

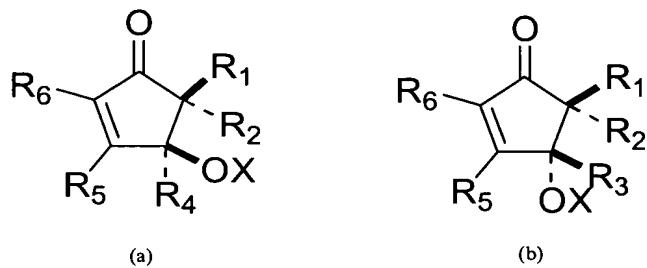
70. (new) The method as in any one of claims 37-40, wherein the compound is administered orally, transdermally, topically, rectally, nasally, vaginally, or parenterally.

71. (new) The method as in any one of claims 37-40, wherein the amount is effective to inhibit NF- κ B activation and to activate HSF.

72. (new) The method as in any one of claims 37-40, wherein the effective amount is about 10 μ g/kg to about 100mg/kg.

73. (new) The method as in any one of claims 37-40, wherein the effective amount is about 5mg/kg to about 100mg/kg.

74. (new) A method for treating or preventing a disorder in a plant, comprising administrating to a plant in need thereof a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a compound of the formula (a) or (b):



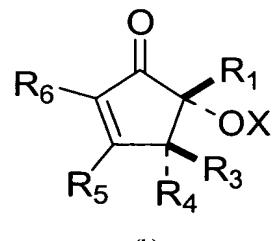
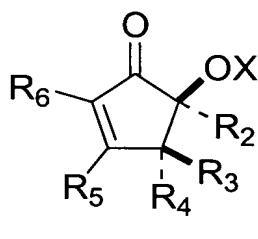
wherein: R_1 and R_2 are, independently, hydrogen, halogen, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkynyl, substituted or unsubstituted aminoalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkylthio, substituted or unsubstituted alkylsufinyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkylsulfonyl, substituted or unsubstituted carbocyclic aryl, substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroaromatic or heteroalicyclic; R_3 and R_4 are hydrogen; R_5 and R_6 are, independently, hydrogen or halogen; and X has the formula



wherein: R_7 , R_8 , and R_9 are, independently, hydrogen, halogen, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkynyl, substituted or

unsubstituted alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted aminoalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkylthio, substituted or unsubstituted alykylsufinyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkylsulfonyl, substituted or unsubstituted carbocyclic aryl, substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroaromatic or heteroalicyclic, and a is absent or a linking group, optionally a hydrocarbyl linking group.

75. (new) A method for treating or preventing a disorder in a plant, comprising administrating to said plant in need of such treatment or prevention a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a compound of the formula (a) or (b):



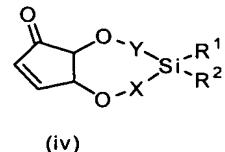
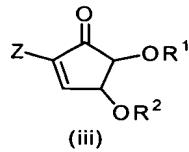
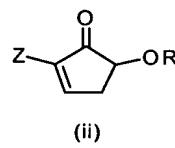
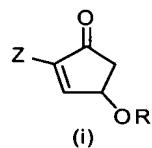
wherein: R₁ and R₂ are hydrogen;
R₃ and R₄ are, independently, hydrogen, halogen, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkynyl, substituted or unsubstituted aminoalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkylthio, substituted or unsubstituted alykylsufinyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkylsulfonyl, substituted or unsubstituted carbocyclic aryl, substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroaromatic or heteroalicyclic;
and
R₅ and R₆ are, independently, hydrogen or halogen; and
X has the formula



wherein: R_7 , R_8 , and R_9 are, independently, hydrogen, halogen, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkynyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted aminoalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkylthio, substituted or unsubstituted alkylsufinyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkylsulfonyl, substituted or unsubstituted carbocyclic aryl, substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroaromatic or heteroalicyclic, and a is absent or a linking group, optionally a hydrocarbyl linking group;

A

76. (new) A method for treating or preventing a disorder in a plant, comprising administrating to said plant in need of such treatment or prevention a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a compound of formula (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv):



wherein Z is hydrogen or a halogen, R is an optionally substituted hydrocarbyl group including up to 8 carbon atoms, or a moiety incorporating at least one heteroatom and up to 50 carbon atoms, at least one of R^1 and R^2 in formula

(iii) incorporates one or more heteroatoms and up to 30 or 50 carbon atoms, at least one of R¹ and R² in formula (iv) is an optionally substituted hydrocarbyl group and X and Y are absent or are linking groups.

77. (new) A method for treating or preventing a disorder in a plant, comprising administrating to said plant in need of such treatment or prevention a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of R-(+)-4-tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy-cyclopent-2-en-1-one substantially free of the S-(-) enantiomer or S-(-)-4-tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy-cyclopent-2-en-1-one substantially free of the R-(+) enantiomer.

78. (new) The method as in any one of claims 74-77, wherein said disorder is a viral disorder.

REMARKS

Claims 1-36 were pending in the instant application. Claims 1-36 have been canceled without prejudice to Applicants' right to pursue of the subject matter of the canceled claims in related applications. New claims 37-78 have been added to more precisely point out and distinctly claim certain embodiments of the present invention. Support for the new claims 37-78 can be found throughout the instant application, see, *e.g.*, page 3, lines 4-14 and lines 20-22, page 4, lines 8-12, page 6, lines 17-22, page 7, lines 17-21, between page 9 line 3 and page 12, line 19, page 15, line 11-16 and page 19, lines 6-11 of the application. Claims 37-78 are, therefore, pending in the instant application. A copy of the pending claims is attached hereto as Exhibit A. Applicants assert that the new claims 37-78 do not constitute new matter.